# **TECHSPEC® GOLD SERIES** FOCUSABLE TELECENTRIC LENS #58-257 • 117 - 142mm WD • 0.36X

Important tools for machine vision systems and metrology applications, TECHSPEC® Gold Series Focusable Telecentric Lenses yield images from which precise measurements can be taken. These lenses yield constant magnification over a defined depth of field and are optimized to provide <0.2° telecentricity when used in the specified working distance range. Anywhere within the specified working distance, the same magnification can be obtained simply by refocusing. Both the aperture and focusing adjustment positions can be fixed by set screws to remain secure in high vibration environments.



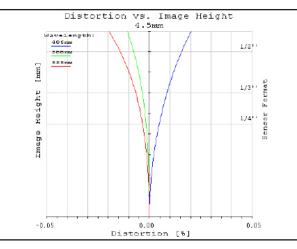
Primary Magnification:	0.36X			
Working Distance <sup>1</sup> :	117 - 142mm			
Depth of Field <sup>2</sup> :	±3.7mm at f10 (20% @ 20 lp/mm)			
Length:	149.9mm			
Filter Thread:	M58 x 0.75			
Max. Sensor Format:	1/1.8″			
Camera Mount:	C-Mount			

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Telecentricity:	<0.1°			
Distortion:	<0.1%			
Resolution <sup>2</sup> :	>70% @ 40 lp/mm			
Aperture (f/#):	f/6 - f/18, lockable			
Object Space NA:	0.030			
Number of Elements (Groups):	10 (7)			
AR Coating:	425 - 675nm BBAR			
Weight:	0.82kg			

Sensor Size	1/4"	1⁄3″	1⁄2.5″	1⁄2″	1⁄1.8″	2⁄3″	]″	4⁄3″
Field of View <sup>3</sup>	10.0mm	13.3mm	15.8mm	17.8mm	19.9mm	N/A	N/A	N/A
1. From front of housing 2. Image space MTF contrast 3. Horizontal FOV on standard 4:3 sensor format							Specificati	ions subject to change

1. From front of housing 2. Image space MTF contrast 3. Horizontal FOV on standard 4:3 sensor format



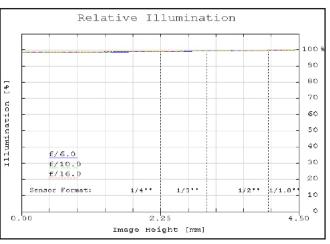


Figure 1: Distortion at the maximum sensor format. Positive values correspond to pincushion distortion, negative values correspond to barrel distortion.

Figure 2: Relative illumination (center to corner)

In both plots, field points corresponding to the image circle of common sensor formats are included. Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.



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## MTF & DOF: f/6.0

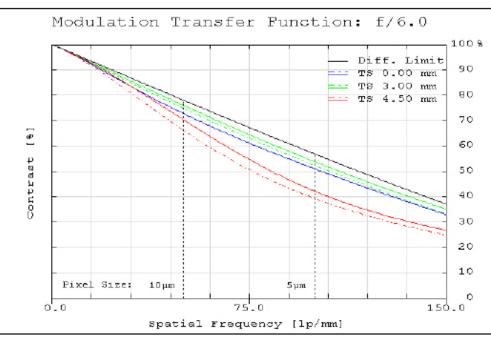


Figure 3: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for  $\lambda$  = 486nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

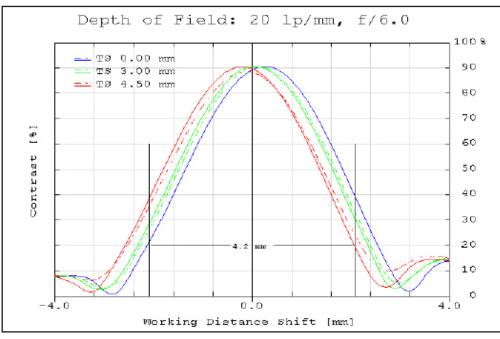


Figure 4: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). The depth of field at the maximum sensor format for the plotted frequency and f/# at 20% contrast is indicated by the measurement bars.

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#### #58-257 • 117 - 142mm WD • 0.36X

#### MTF & DOF: f/10.0

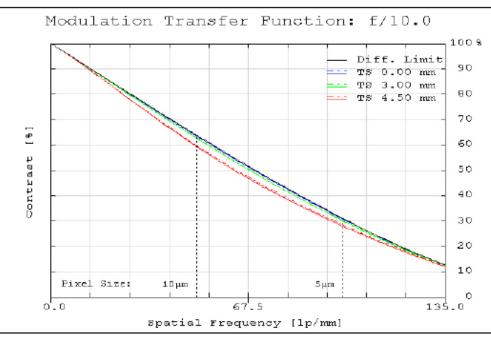


Figure 5: Image space polychromatic diffraction FFT Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) for  $\lambda$  = 486nm to 656nm. Included are Tangential and Sagittal values for field points on center, at 70% of full field and at the maximum sensor format. Solid black line indicates diffraction limit determined by f/#-defined aperture. Frequencies corresponding to the Nyquist resolution limit of pixel sizes are indicated.

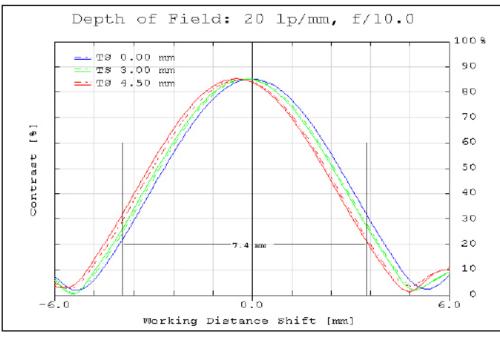


Figure 6: Polychromatic diffraction through-focus MTF at 20 linepairs/mm (image space). The depth of field at the maximum sensor format for the plotted frequency and f/# at 20% contrast is indicated by the measurement bars.

Plots represent theoretical values from lens design software. Actual lens performance varies due to manufacturing tolerances.

